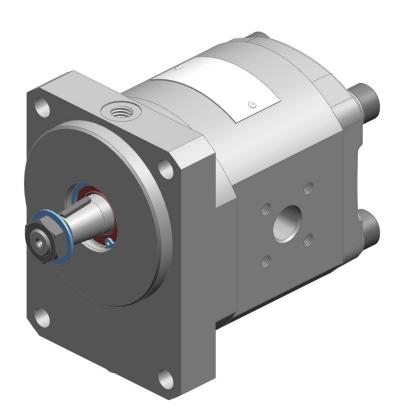
KRACHT

D.0034620002

Operating instructions (Translation)



Gear pump KP 1 DuroTec® English

Table of content

1	Gen	neral	5
	1.1	About the documentation	5
	1.2	Manufacturer address	5
	1.3	Other applicable documents	5
	1.4	Symbols	6
2	Safe	ety	7
	2.1	Intended use	7
	2.2	Personal qualification	7
	2.3	Basic safety instructions	8
	2.4	Fundamental hazards	8
3	Dev	vice description	10
	3.1	Functional principle	10
	3.2	Variants	11
	3.3	Type key	12
	3.4	Direction of rotation and discharge	13
	3.5	Types of seals	13
	3.6	Fluid seal	14
	3.7	Special numbers	14
	3.8	Shaft ends	15
4	Tec	hnical data	16
	4.1	General	16
	4.2	Nominal sizes	17
	4.3	Assignment of viscosity - speed	17
	4.4	Allowable pressures	
		4.4.1 Betriebsdruck Saugseite	
	4.5	Permissible temperature range	
	4.6	Material data	
	4.7	Weight	
	4.8	Dimensions	19
5	Trai	nsport and storage	20
	5.1	General	20
	5.2	Transport and shipping	20
	5.3	Storage	20
	5.4	Storage conditions	21

6	Inst	allation.		22
	6.1	Safety i	nstructions for installation	22
	6.2	Noise re	eduction	23
	6.3	Mechan	nical installation	24
	0.0	6.3.1	Preparation	
		6.3.2	Gear pump with free shaft end	
	6.4	Connec	tion lines	26
		6.4.1	General	26
		6.4.2	Suction line	26
		6.4.3	Pressure pipe	28
		6.4.4	Connection line installation	28
	6.5	Change	of the direction of rotation	28
		6.5.1	Direction of supply	28
7	Con	nmission	iing	29
	7.1		nstructions for start-up	
	7.2	-	tion	
	7.3	•	he quench chamber	
	7.4	_	nal commissioning	
0	D		, and the second	
8				
	8.1	•	nstructions for disassembly	
	8.2	Disman	tling	33
9	Mai	ntenanc	e	34
	9.1	Safety ii	nstructions for maintenance	34
	9.2	Mainter	nance work	35
	9.3	Mainter	nance instructions	35
	9.4	Mainter	nance table	36
		9.4.1	Maintenance table	36
		9.4.2	Check the rate of flow	37
		9.4.3	Check the operating pressure	37
		9.4.4	Check the media temperature	37
		9.4.5	Check the device temperature	37
		9.4.6	Check the function of the add-on valve	37
		9.4.7	Check the equipotential bonding	
		9.4.8	Check the condition of the operating fluid	37
		9.4.9	Auditory check Unusual noises	37
		9.4.10	Cleaning	37
		9.4.11	Visual inspection for leakage	38
		9.4.12	Visual check of the gearbox condition	38
		9.4.13	Visual check of the condition of housing parts	38
		9.4.14	Visual check of the condition of the plain bearings	38
		9.4.15	Visual check of the condition shaft seal	
		9.4.16	Visual check of the condition of the outboard bearing	38
		9.4.17	Replacing the outboard bearing	38
		9.4.18	Replacing the plain bearings	39
		9.4.19	Replacing the shaft seal	39
		9.4.20	Replacing other seals	39

10 Repair	40
10.1 Safety instructions for repairs	40
10.2 General	41
10.3 Fault table	42

iv 88034620002-03

Kracht GmbH General | 1

1 General

1.1 About the documentation

These operating instructions describe the installation, operation and maintenance of the following product:

Gear pump KP 1 DuroTec®

These operating instructions are an integral part of the product and must be kept in the immediate vicinity of the

product and accessible to the personnel at all time.

Different versions of the product are produced. Which version is concerned

is stated on the device's type plate.

If you have any questions about this operating manual, please contact the manufacturer.

1.2 Manufacturer address

KRACHT GmbH Gewerbestraße 20 D-58791 Werdohl Tel: +49 2392 935-0

Fax: +49 2392 935-209 Email: info@kracht.eu Web: www.kracht.eu

1.3 Other applicable documents

In addition to these instructions, also comply with the relevant instructions of plants or plant parts available or planned on site.

1 | General Kracht GmbH

1.4 Symbols



⚠ DANGER

Identification of an immediate hazard, which can lead to death or severe bodily injury if not avoided.



MARNING

Identification of a potential medium risk hazard, which can lead to death or severe bodily injury if not avoided.



A CAUTION

Identification of a possible low-risk hazard that can result in minor or moderate physical injury if not avoided.

ATTENTION

Identification of notes to prevent property damage.



NOTICE

Identification of basic safety instructions. Non-compliance can lead to hazards for people and the product



TIP

Identification of special user tips and other particularly useful or important information

Kracht GmbH Safety | 2

2 Safety

2.1 Intended use

- 1. The product has been designed for operation with fluids. Dry operation is not permitted.
- 2. The product may only be operated when completely filled.
- 3. The fluid must be compatible with the materials used in the product. Chemical expertise is required for that. Be careful with ethylene oxide or other catalytically or exothermically reacting or self-decomposing substances. Please consult the manufacturer in cases of doubt.
- 4. The product may only be used in normal industrial atmospheres. If there are any aggressive substances in the air, always consult the manufacturer.
- 5. The product may only be operated in compliance with these operating instructions and the applicable documents.
 - Deviating operating conditions require the express approval of the manufacturer.
- 6. Use of the product for purposes other than those for which it is intended invalidates any warranty.

2.2 Personal qualification

The personnel charged with the assembly, operation and maintenance of the product must have the necessary qualifications.

This can be achieved through training or appropriate instruction.

The personnel must be familiar with the contents of these operating instructions.



NOTICE

Read the operating instructions in full before using the product.

2 | Safety Kracht GmbH

2.3 Basic safety instructions



NOTICE

Basic safety instructions

Non-compliance can lead to hazards for people and the unit.

- a) Follow existing regulations for accident prevention and safety at work as well as the internal regulations of the operating company.
- b) Ensure the greatest possible cleanliness.
- c) Wear suitable personal protective equipment.
- d) Do not remove type plates or other information or make them illegible or unrecognisable.
- e) Do not make any technical modifications.
- f) Comply with maintenance intervals.
- g) Only use spare parts approved by the manufacturer.

2.4 Fundamental hazards



⚠ DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



⚠ DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Defective components and connection lines must be replaced or fixed without delay.
- b) Use only components and connection lines approved for the expected pressure range.



▲ DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

- a) Before carrying out any work, disconnect any drives and actuators from the power supply or depressurise them.
- b) Safely prevent restarting during the work.

Kracht GmbH Safety | 2



A DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

a) Take measures to prevent accidental touching of rotating parts.



↑ WARNING

Rotating parts

Risk of injury caused by ejected parts

a) Enclose rotating parts so that in the event of fracture or malfunction, there is no risk caused by ejected parts.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Before carrying out any work, depressurise the product and all connection pipes.
- b) Securely prevent the pressure from being restored during work.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Use only connections and lines approved for the expected pressure range.
- b) Securely prevent the permissible pressures from being exceeded, e.g. by using pressure relief valves or bursting discs.
- c) Pipelines must be designed in such a way that no tension e.g. caused by changes in length due to fluctuations in temperature can be transferred to the product.



⚠ WARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury caused by flying parts.

Risk of injury caused by splashing fluids.

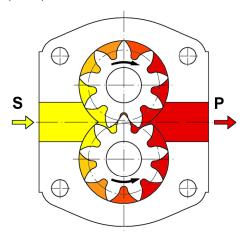
- a) Do not operate the product with shut-off devices closed.
- b) Do not operate the production in the wrong rotational direction.

3 | Device description Kracht GmbH

3 Device description

3.1 Functional principle

The pumps of this series are external gear pumps, which operate according to the displacement principle.



- S Suction connection
- P Pressure connection

During rotation, two interlocking gears cause a volume increase by opening the tooth spaces on the suction side (S), so that the medium can flow in and at the same time, on the discharge side (pressure side, P), a corresponding volume is displaced by the meshing of the teeth in the filled tooth gaps. Fluid transport takes place through entrainment in the tooth spaces along the wall of the wheel chamber.

With each gear rotation, the so-called geometric displacement volume V_g is displaced. A value that is named the rated volume V_{gn} in technical documents to specify the pump size.

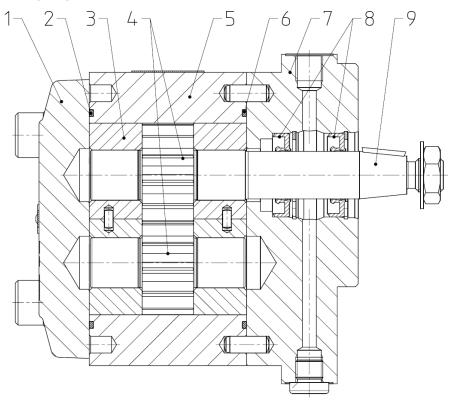
The displacement process described takes place initially without a noticeable pressure build-up. Only after external loads are applied, e.g. by head, flow resistances, pipe elements, etc., does the required working pressure set in to overcome these resistances.

The pressure applied to the shaft seal equals the pressure at the suction connection of the product. The permissible pressure is determined by the type of seal.

Kracht GmbH Device description | 3

3.2 Variants

Gear pump



- 1 End cover
- 3 Bearing bush
- 5 Housing
- 7 Flange cover
- 9 End of drive shaft

- 2 O-ring
- 4 Gears
- 6 O-ring
- 8 Shaft seal

3 | Device description Kracht GmbH

3.3 Type key

Orde	Ordering example																	
KP		1/	8		G	1	0	Α		K	0	Α		4	V	L	2	/
1.		2.	3.		4.	5.	6.	7.		8.	9.	10.		11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

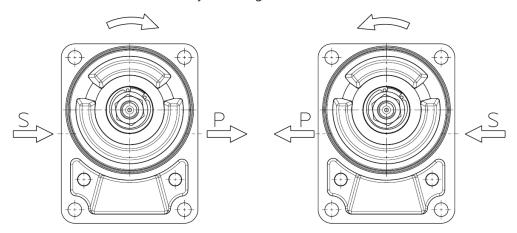
xplanation of type key		
. Product name		
. Size		
	1	
. Nominal		
V _{gn} 3; 5,5; 6,3; 8; 11; 16; 22		
. Fixing type		
G Rectangular 4-hole flange		
. Direction of rotation		
1 Clockwise	2	Counterclockwise
. Outboard flange / Roller bearings		
0 Without		
. Construction of housing		
A Bolt circle	G	Whitworth pipe thread
B Whitworth pipe thread	U	Bolt circle
. Shaft end		
K Cone 1:5 (M _{max} = 160 Nm)	Х	Gear shaft profile (M _{max} = 70 Nm)
. 2nd shaft end		
0 Without		
0. End cover		
A End cover		
1. Design serial number (specified by	manufacturer)	
2. Housing material and plain bearin	g	
V Housing material: EN-GJS-600	V with Special number 492	Housing material: Stainless steel (1.4404)
Bearing bush : SSiC	Hamber 432	Bearing bush : SSiC
3. Gears version		
L Tool steel (1.2379)	L with Special number 492	Stainless steel (1.4462)
4. Sealing material		
2 FKM	72	FKM
32 PTFE / FEP with FKM-core	85	EPDM / FKM
33 EPDM		
5. Special number		
pecial numbers [> 14]		

Kracht GmbH Device description | 3

3.4 Direction of rotation and discharge

The direction of rotation is indicated by the curved arrow, when looking towards the end of the drive shaft. The pump connections are below the drive shaft.

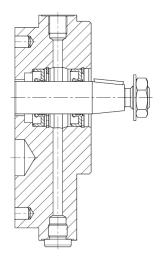
The flow direction is indicated by the straight arrow.



S = Suction connection

P = Pressure connection

3.5 Types of seals

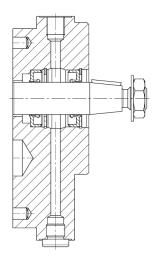


Double rotary shaft seal Connection borehole G 1/8

(for fluid buffer)

Sealing material: 2; 32; 33

Special number: 245; 437; 439; 486



Double rotary shaft seal

(for vacuum operation)

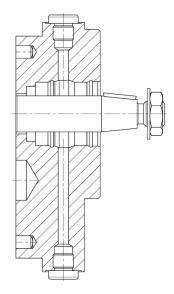
Connection borehole G 1/8

(for fluid buffer)

Sealing material: 2

Special number: 297; 492

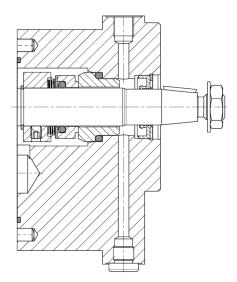
3 | Device description Kracht GmbH



Without shaft seal

(Leak oil drain through shaft sealing chamber)

Sealing material: 72 Special number: 245



Mechanical seal with fluid buffer

Connection borehole G 1/8

(for fluid buffer)

Sealing material: 2; 85

Special number: 380; 522

3.6 Fluid seal

Versions with a fluid seal are used if absolute leak tightness is required at the shaft seal, e.g. when pumping media

- which harden on contact with air.
- which crystallise on contact with the moisture in air.
- which must not be allowed to leak into the environment.
- which are under vacuum and whose seal should be gas tight.

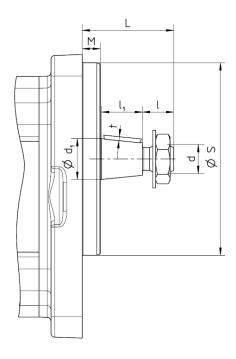
Select the installation so that the connection for the fluid seal is at the top.

3.7 Special numbers

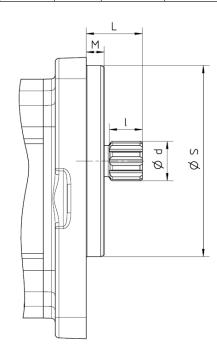
Special number	Description
245	DuroTec® Basic version
297	Flange and end cover stainless steel PVD coated
380	Mechanical seal with fluid buffer
437	With axial clearance compensation
439	With axial clearance compensation, Steel plain bearing
486	DuroTec® Follow plate pump
492	Stainless steel version, nickel-phosphorus-coated gear unit
522	Follow plate pump with mechanical seal

Kracht GmbH Device description | 3

3.8 Shaft ends



Shaft end	L	S	М	Cone	d	d ₁	- 1	l ₁	t
К	38	80	7.5	1:5	M12x1.5	17	13	17	1.5



Shaft end	L	S	М	Profile	DIN	Number of teeth	d _{h11}	I
Х	26	80	7.5	B17x14	5482	9	16.5	14

4 | Technical data Kracht GmbH

4 Technical data

4.1 General

General information								
Concrui information				Suction con-				
			KP 1/3	nection:				
		A		Ø15/LK40	Pressure connection:			
	^		Suction con-	Ø15/LK35				
		KP 1/5.5 – KP 1/22	nection:					
Housing connection				Ø20/LK40				
		_	Suction connection	:	Pressure connection:			
		В	Whitworth pipe thr	ead: G1	Whitworth pipe thread: G3/4			
			Suction connection	:	Pressure connection:			
	G	Whitworth pipe thr		Whitworth pipe thread: G1/2				
		Suction connection	:	Pressure connection:				
		U	Ø25					
			Im End cover		Ø15/LK35			
Fixing type		G	LA= 72/100; ØZ= 80					
LK= Bolt circle; LA= Ho	le dist	ance; Z	Z= Centering diameter;					
Mounting position			Shaft end horizontal , fluid buffer connection top					
Speed		n	Assignment of viscosity - speed [▶ 17]					
Operating pressure		p _e	Betriebsdruck Saugseite [▶ 18]					
— Peruting pressure		p _b	Assignment of viscosity - speed [▶ 17]					
Viscosity		ν _{min}	30 mm ² /s					
		ν _{max.}	20 000 mm ² /s					
Fluid temperature		ئ	Permissible tempe	erature range [▶ 181			
- Tana temperature		ී			, .01			
Mechanical efficiency	,	n	Vol. Mechanical eff	iciency 85% at 1	100 bar,			
Mechanical efficiency η			n= 1000 1/min with test medium HLP 46 at 20°C					
Materials			Material data [▶ 19]					
Vers			Lubricating fluids with abrasive components					
Dawwissible	Ductil iron	CdSl	Polyols; Silicates (water glass); Isocyanates ; Mineral oil					
Permissible media	Versic Stainle steel		Liquids compatible with stainless steel					

Kracht GmbH Technical data | 4

4.2 Nominal sizes

Nominal	Geom. displacement	Mass inertia				
$V_{\rm gn}$	V _g	X10 ⁻⁶				
	[cm³/rev.]	J [kg m²]				
3	3	23.3				
5.5	5.45	35.7				
6.3	6.28	39.9				
8	7.9	51.1				
11	10.9	62.9				
16	15.9	87.7				
22	22.3	119.6				

4.3 Assignment of viscosity - speed

KP 1 - Ductil cast iron											
Kinematic viscosity	Speed n	[rpm]	Pressure	p [bar]	Viscosity surcharge						
ν [mm²/s]	n _{min.} n _{max.}		p at n _{min.}	p at n _{max.}	[kW / l/min]						
30	300		F0	100							
100	200	1500	50	120	-						
300	100 7 6			150	0.003						
1000		1100			0.009						
3000		750	150		0.017						
6000		600	150	150	0.023						
10000		500			0.027						
20000		350			0.034						

KP 1 - Stainless steel											
Kinematic viscosity	Speed n	[rpm]	Pressure	Viscosity surcharge							
ν [mm²/s]	n _{min.} n _{max.}		p at n _{min.}	p at n _{max.}	[kW / l/min]						
30	500		20	40							
100	250	250	1500	30	80	-					
300			60	120	0.003						
1000	150	1100			0.009						
3000		750			0.017						
6000	100	600	80	120	0.023						
10000	100	500			0.027						
20000		350			0.034						



TIP

Select the speed of rotation so that complete filling of the pump is ensured. This is the case if the pressure on the suction side does not fall below the permissible pressure pe min.

4 | Technical data Kracht GmbH

4.4 Allowable pressures

4.4.1 Betriebsdruck Saugseite

			Suct	
			Juci	ion side
			p _{e min.}	p _{e max.}
			[bar _{abs.}]	[bar _{rel.}]
		245		
	Double rotary shaft seal	437		
	(BABSL)	439		4.0 (1500 1/min)
		486	-0.4	5.0 (1000 1/min)
FKM	Double rotary shaft seal	297		10.0 (500 1min)
	for vacuum operation (BABSL)	492		
	Mechanical seal with	380		
	FKM secondary seals	E22	-0.4	16.0
	Q10Q10VG1G1	522		
PTFE / FEP with FKM-core	Double rotary shaft seal	245	-0.4	2
EPDM	(HN2390)	245		0.5
FKM	Without shaft seal	245	•	t of viscosity - ed [▶ 17]
EPDM / FKM	Mechanical seal with EPDM secondary seals Q10Q10EG1G1	380	-0.4	16.0

4.5 Permissible temperature range

Fluid temperature එ _m		
% _{m max} [°C]		
150		
100 (Special number 439)		

Ambient temperature ئ			
ϑ _{u min} [°C]			
-20	60		



NOTICE

Note media-specific properties.

Kracht GmbH Technical data | 4

4.6 Material data

Special	Materials					
number	Housing	Flange cover / End cover	Gears	Bearing bush	Shaft seal	O-ring
245						
437				SSiC		FKM, FEP with
486		EN-GJS-400-15			FKM, PTFE, EPDM	FKM-core,
439				Steel (St) nitrided		EPDM - perox- ide cured
297	EN-	- (1.4404) 1.2379	hardened,			
380	GJS-600				Q10Q10VG 1G1	FKM
522					101	
380 with Sealing ma-		EN-GJS-400-15		SSiC	Q10Q10EG 1G1	EPDM - perox-
terial 85			53	00.0	Rotary shaft seal: FKM	ide cured
492	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	Stainless steel (1.4462),		FKM	FKM
492	(1.4404)	(1.4404)	nickelphos- phor coated		FNIVI	FNIVI

4.7 Weight

Nominal	Weight
V_{gn}	[kg]
3	4,1
5,5	4,3
6,3	4,4
8	4,5
11	4,8
16	5,3
22	5,7

4.8 Dimensions

The dimensions of the product are given in the technical data sheets.

5 | Transport and storage Kracht GmbH

5 Transport and storage

5.1 General

- a) After receiving the delivery, check the product for transport damage.
- b) If transport damage is found, the manufacturer and the transport company must be notified immediately. The product must then be replaced or repaired.
- c) Dispose of packaging materials and used parts according to local regulations.

5.2 Transport and shipping



⚠ WARNING

Falling or toppling loads

Risk of injury during transport of large and heavy loads.

- a) Use only suitable means of transport and lifting gear with sufficient load-bearing capacity.
- b) Attach lifting gear only to suitable places on the load.
- c) Attach the lifting gear so that it cannot slip.
- d) Note the centre of gravity of the load.
- e) Avoid sudden, jerky movements, impacts and strong vibrations during transport.
- f) Do not step under overhead loads, do not work under overhead loads.



NOTICE

Eyebolts can be screwed into the thread of the flanged connections to transport the product.

5.3 Storage

The product's function is tested in the factory with mineral hydraulic oil. The connections are then closed. The remaining residual oil preserves the internal parts for up to 6 months.

Bright metallic external parts are also protected against corrosion by suitable preservation measures for up to 6 months.

During storage, ensure a dry, dust-free and low-vibration environment. The product must be protected from weather, moisture and large temperature fluctuations. Comply with the recommended storage conditions.

Below the permissible ambient temperature ϑ_U , elastomer seals lose their elasticity and mechanical loading capacity, as the temperature is below the glass transition temperature. This process is reversible. Avoid the application of force on the product during storage below the permissible ambient temperature ϑ_U .

Products with EPDM seals are not mineral oil resistant and their function is not tested. The internal parts are not preserved. If the product is not put into operation immediately, all surfaces exposed to corrosion must be protected by suitable preservation measures. The same applies to products that are not tested for other reasons.

In case of storage for a longer period (> 6 months), all surfaces exposed to corrosion must be retreated with suitable preservatives.

If high humidity or an aggressive atmosphere is to be expected, additional suitable corrosion prevention measures must be taken.



NOTICE

Storage in corrosion protection bags (VCI) for maximum 6 months.

ATTENTION

Corrosion/chemical attack

Improper storage can make the product unusable.

- a) Use suitable preservation measures to protect exposed surfaces.
- b) Comply with the recommended storage conditions.

5.4 Storage conditions



TIP

Recommended storage conditions

- a) Storage temperature: 5 °C 25 °C
- b) Relative humidity: < 70 %
- c) Protect elastomer parts from light, particularly direct sunlight.
- d) Protect elastomer parts from oxygen and ozone.
- e) Note the maximum storage period of elastomer parts:
 - ⇒ 5 years: AU (polyurethane rubber)
 - ⇒ 7 years: NBR, HNBR, CR
 - ⇒ 10 years: EPM, EPDM, FEP/PFTE, FEPM, FKM, FFKM, VMQ, FVMQ

6 | Installation Kracht GmbH

6 Installation

6.1 Safety instructions for installation



⚠ DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



⚠ DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

- a) Before carrying out any work, disconnect any drives and actuators from the power supply or depressurise them.
- b) Safely prevent restarting during the work.



A DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

a) Take measures to prevent accidental touching of rotating parts.



⚠ WARNING

Rotating parts

Risk of injury caused by ejected parts

a) Enclose rotating parts so that in the event of fracture or malfunction, there is no risk caused by ejected parts.



MARNING

Exposed gears

Gearwheels can trap and crush fingers and hands.

a) Do not engage gearwheels.

Kracht GmbH Installation | 6



⚠ WARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Before carrying out any work, depressurise the product and all connection pipes.
- b) Securely prevent the pressure from being restored during work.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Use only connections and lines approved for the expected pressure range.
- b) Securely prevent the permissible pressures from being exceeded, e.g. by using pressure relief valves or bursting discs.
- c) Pipelines must be designed in such a way that no tension e.g. caused by changes in length due to fluctuations in temperature can be transferred to the product.

6.2 Noise reduction



TIP

Measures to reduce noise

- a) Use of suction and pressure hoses.
- b) Use of pump supports with high damping properties (plastic or grey cast iron)
- c) Use of damping rings and damping rails to isolate structure-borne sound.

6 | Installation Kracht GmbH

6.3 Mechanical installation

6.3.1 Preparation

- a) Check the product for transport damage and contamination.
- b) Check the product for smooth and easy movement.
- c) Remove any preservative present.
- d) Clean all lines.
 - ⇒ Only use cleaning agents that are compatible with the materials used.
 - ⇒ Do not use cleaning wool.
- e) Compare the environmental and ambient conditions at the place of use with the permissible conditions.
 - ⇒ Make sure that the foundation is sufficiently stable and level.
 - ⇒ Expose the product only to low vibrations, see IEC 60034-14.
 - ⇒ Ensure sufficient accessibility for maintenance and repair.
- f) Position the product and secure it against slipping.
 - ⇒ Comply with the manufacturer's instructions.
 - ⇒ Do not use any sealing materials such as hemp, Teflon tape or putty.
- g) Remove existing protective plugs.

6.3.2 Gear pump with free shaft end

Suitable power transmission between the gear pump and drive is required for fault-free operation.

In a standard product, a flexible claw coupling is used for this.

- a) Preassemble the coupling parts as described by the manufacturer.
- b) Position the pump and drive relative to each other.
 - ⇒ Note the allowable installed position.
 - ⇒ Note the allowable direction of rotation.
- c) Tighten the fastening screws to the specified torque.



▲ DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

a) Take measures to prevent accidental touching of rotating parts.

Kracht GmbH Installation | 6



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

a) Wear protective gloves at temperatures ≥48°C.

Tightening torques [Nm]							
Thread size	M6	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Counter- thread Alu- minium	4.6	11	22	39	95	184	315
Counter- thread Cast iron / Steel	10	25	49	85	210	425	730

Screws/Nuts with min. strength class 8.8/8



NOTICE

- a) Comply with the allowable displacement values of the coupling.
- b) Prevent stressing of the product.
- c) Make sure the fastening screws have sufficient depth of engagement.



NOTICE

- a) In case of products without a shaft seal, make sure that the leaked oil from the shaft seal space is removed in a controlled way and does not get into the environment.
- b) Make sure that foreign objects cannot get into the product.
- c) If products have a fluid seal, install a tank for holding the seal fluid.
 - ⇒ Install the tank above the product.
 - ⇒ The connection on the device must face upwards.
 - ⇒ It must be possible to check the fluid level at any time.

6 | Installation Kracht GmbH

6.4 Connection lines

6.4.1 General



⚠ WARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Use only connections and lines approved for the expected pressure range.
- b) Securely prevent the permissible pressures from being exceeded, e.g. by using pressure relief valves or bursting discs.
- c) Pipelines must be designed in such a way that no tension e.g. caused by changes in length due to fluctuations in temperature can be transferred to the product.



NOTICE

Additional connections

- a) Provide measurement connections for pressure and temperature as near as possible on the device.
- b) If necessary, provide an option for filling and draining the device and line system.
- c) If necessary, provide an option for venting the device and line system.

6.4.2 Suction line

A suction line that is not optimally designed can lead to increased noise emissions, cavitation and even a reduction in the capacity (due to less filling of the pump).

When designing the lines, bear in mind the following points:

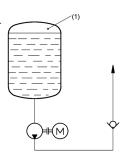
- Lay the suction line as short and straight as possible.
- Specify the nominal size of the suction line so that the operating pressure on the suction side is not less than the permissible operating pressure pe min.
- Avoid large suction heights.
- Avoid additional pressure loss through line resistances such as fittings, screwed connections, formed parts or suction filters/suction baskets. Ensure that all technically required suction filters/suction baskets are appropriately dimensioned.
- Pay attention to sufficient distance of the suction opening from the floor and walls of the media tank.
- Make sure that the suction opening is below the lowest fluid level in any operating situation.
- When using hoses, make sure that they have sufficient stability so that they do not become constricted by the suction effect.
- Note the recommended flow velocity in the suction line (max. 1.5 m/s).

Kracht GmbH Installation | 6

Suction line at vacuum operation

If medium is to be drawn from a tank under vacuum, the pump must be positioned approx. 1 m below the tank. The suction line must be laid straight and without any resistances.

The tank may be subjected to vacuum only then when the pipework and the pump have been filled with liquid. Only pumps suitable for vacuum operation may be used for this purpose.





NOTICE

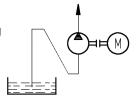
Cavitation damage

Pressure below the permissible suction side pressure causes cavitation

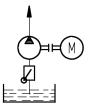
- a) Design the suction line so that the pressure that sets in during operation is always higher on the suction side than the vapour pressure of the pumped medium. At the same time, make sure that the device is installed above sea level.
- b) If fluids contain water, install the device below the fluid level and limit the operating temperature to 50 °C and the speed to 1500 1/min.

Prevention of suction problems

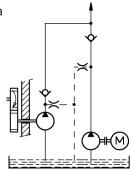
If there is a possibility of the suction line running dry while the pump is at a standstill, laying the suction line as a U-trap is a way of avoiding suction problems. This way, the pump will remain permanently filled after initial commissioning.



In case of longer suction lines that can run empty during the standstill, it is useful to insert a foot valve or a non-return valve. These must have been designed for use in suction lines and should offer as low a flow resistance as possible.



When operating a pump that has to pump via a non-return valve into a pressurized circuit (e.g. reserve pump in a lubricant circuit), intake difficulties can occur if the suction line is filled with air. In this case the pressure line must be vented directly upstream of the non-return valve. If a venting nozzle is not inserted, the volume of the pressure line between the pump and non-return valve must be at least 75% of the suction line volume.



6 | Installation Kracht GmbH

6.4.3 Pressure pipe

When designing the lines, bear in mind the following points:

- Choose the nominal size of the pressure line so that the maximum permissible pressures are not exceeded.
- If necessary, provide a venting nozzle to prevent suction problems.

6.4.4 Connection line installation

- a) Clean all lines.
 - ⇒ Do not use cleaning wool.
 - ⇒ Pickle and rinse welded pipes.
- b) Remove existing protective plugs.
- c) Install the lines.
 - ⇒ Comply with the manufacturer's instructions.
 - ⇒ Do not use any sealing materials such as hemp, Teflon tape or putty.



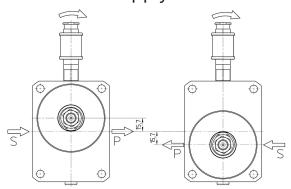
TIP

Location of the device connections: Direction of rotation and discharge

6.5 Change of the direction of rotation

A change in the direction of rotation is not possible.

6.5.1 Direction of supply



S = Suction connection

P = Pressure connection

Change the direction of supply while the direction of rotation remains the same by turning the pump by 180°.

Kracht GmbH Commissioning | 7

7 Commissioning

7.1 Safety instructions for start-up



A DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury caused by flying parts.

Risk of injury caused by splashing fluids.

- a) Do not operate the product with shut-off devices closed.
- b) Do not operate the production in the wrong rotational direction.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

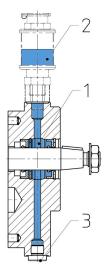
a) Wear protective gloves at temperatures ≥48°C.

7.2 Preparation

- a) Before starting the system make sure that a sufficient quantity of the service fluid is extant to avoid dry running. This must be taken into account especially with large line volumes.
- b) Check all fastening screws on the product.
- c) Fill the pump and the suction line with medium.

7 | Commissioning Kracht GmbH

7.3 Filling the quench chamber



- 1 Quench chamber
- 3 Venting screw
- 2 Container for quench-liquid
- a) For versions with fluid seal, fill the quench chamber with a suitable seal fluid.
 - ⇒ Fill from the tank provided.
 - ⇒ Fill fluid until the quench chamber is completely full and the tank is half full.
- b) Do not apply pressure or vacuum to the quench chamber.



NOTICE

Seal failure due to running dry

Lack of seal fluid can cause the seal to fail.

a) Do not start up the pump without seal fluid.



TIP

A second connection on the product enables the quench chamber to be purged/flushed and the seal fluid to be drained.

Kracht GmbH Commissioning | 7

7.4 Additional commissioning

- a) Open existing shut-off elements in front of and behind the product.
- b) Set pressure relief valves installed in the system to the lowest opening pressure.
- c) Start the product without pressure load or with low pressure (jog mode).
 - ⇒ A flow should have developed after 30 s at the latest.
- d) Run the product pressureless or at low pressure for a few minutes.
- e) Vent the system at the highest possible point.
- f) Gradually increase the pressure up to the required operating pressure.
- g) Operate the system until the final operating condition is reached.
- h) Check the operating data.
 - **⇒** Maintenance table [▶ 36]
- i) Document the operating data of the initial commissioning for later comparison.
- j) Check the level of the operating medium in the system.
- k) Check the level of the seal fluid (if present).
- I) Check the product for leaks.
- m)Check all fittings for leaks and retighten if necessary.



TIP

In order to ensure a constant and reliable function of the product, an initial maintenance of the product is recommended after several hours warm-up time (max. 24 h). This allows faults to be detected at an early stage.

8 | Removal Kracht GmbH

8 Removal

8.1 Safety instructions for disassembly



A DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



A DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

- a) Before carrying out any work, disconnect any drives and actuators from the power supply or depressurise them.
- b) Safely prevent restarting during the work.



⚠ WARNING

Exposed gears

Gearwheels can trap and crush fingers and hands.

a) Do not engage gearwheels.



⚠ WARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Before carrying out any work, depressurise the product and all connection pipes.
- b) Securely prevent the pressure from being restored during work.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

a) At temperatures ≥48 °C, allow the product to cool first.

Kracht GmbH Removal | 8

ATTENTION

Blocking of the product due to curing media

Curing media can mechanically block the product and make it unusable.

a) Clean the product immediately after operation with curing media.

8.2 Dismantling

- a) Depressurise and de-energise the system.
- b) Close existing shut-off elements in front of and behind the product.
- c) Open existing drain elements and undo connection lines. Collect and dispose of leaking media so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.
- d) Dismantle the product.
- e) Clean the product.
- f) Seal the process connections and lines to prevent the ingress of dirt.



NOTICE

The concrete procedure for cleaning depends on the media being used.

a) See the safety data sheet of the media in use.

9 | Maintenance Kracht GmbH

9 Maintenance

9.1 Safety instructions for maintenance



A DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



⚠ DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

- a) Before carrying out any work, disconnect any drives and actuators from the power supply or depressurise them.
- b) Safely prevent restarting during the work.



⚠ WARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Before carrying out any work, depressurise the product and all connection pipes.
- b) Securely prevent the pressure from being restored during work.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

a) At temperatures ≥48 °C, allow the product to cool first.

Kracht GmbH Maintenance | 9

9.2 Maintenance work



TIP

Checking and documentation of the operating data

Regular checking and documentation of all operating data helps to detect faults at an early stage.

- Perform the maintenance work according to specifications.
- Replace defective or worn components.
- If necessary, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.
- Document the type and scope of the maintenance work along with the operating data.
- Compare the operating data with the values of the initial commissioning.
 In case of large deviations (> 10 %), determine the cause.
- Dispose of packaging materials and used parts according to local regulations.



NOTICE

Protective devices and notes

After maintenance and/or repair, reattach all protective devices and notices removed in the process to their original position.

9.3 Maintenance instructions

The following information provides recommendations for maintenance work and maintenance intervals for the product in use.

Depending on the actual loads occurring during operation, the type, scope and interval of the maintenance work may deviate from the recommendations. A mandatory maintenance plan must be drawn up by the installer/operating company.



TIP

In the course of preventive maintenance, it is advisable to replace wearing parts before the wear limit is reached.

With the appropriate know-how and sufficient equipment, the repair can also be carried out by the installer/operating company.

If necessary, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer. Please consult the manufacturer for this purpose.



NOTICE

Warranty

Any warranty will be void if not executed properly.

9 | Maintenance Kracht GmbH

9.4 Maintenance table

9.4.1 Maintenance table

		Firstly:after max. 24 h	Daily	3000 Operating hours	6000 Operating hours	As required	Additional in- formation
9.4.2	Check the rate of flow	2					
9.4.3	Check the operating pressure	2					
9.4.4	Check the media temperature	2					
9.4.5	Check the device temperature	2					
9.4.6	Check the function of the add-on valve	2					
9.4.7	Check the equipotential bonding	2					
9.4.8	Check the condition of the operating fluid	2					
9.4.9	Auditory check Unusual noises		1				
9.4.10	Cleaning		1				
9.4.11	Visual inspection for leakage		1				
9.4.2	Check the rate of flow			2			
9.4.3	Check the operating pressure			2			
9.4.4	Check the media temperature			2			
9.4.5	Check the device temperature			2			
9.4.6	Check the function of the add-on valve			2			
9.4.7	Check the equipotential bonding			2			
9.4.8	Check the condition of the operating fluid			2			
9.4.12	Visual check of the gearbox condition				3		
9.4.13	Visual check of the condition of housing parts				3		
9.4.14	Visual check of the condition of the plain bearings				3		
9.4.15	Visual check of the condition shaft seal				3		
9.4.16	Visual check of the condition of the out- board bearing				3		
9.4.17	Replacing the outboard bearing					3	
9.4.18	Replacing the plain bearings					3	
9.4.19	Replacing the shaft seal					3	
9.4.20	Replacing other seals					3	

^{1 - 0,1} h; 2 - 0,2 h; 3 - 0,75 h

Kracht GmbH Maintenance | 9

9.4.2 Check the rate of flow

The rate of flow is measured via the volumetric flow meter.

The values are displayed by the built-in controller in the electrical control system.

- If there is no discharge flow, check the individual components of the product.
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.3 Check the operating pressure

The operating pressure is indicated by the pressure gauges.

- If there is no operating pressure, check the individual components of the product.
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.4 Check the media temperature

The media temperature is measured through the temperature sensor.

The values are displayed by the built-in controller in the electrical control system.

- If the media temperature is too high or too low, check the product components.
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.5 Check the device temperature

Measure the surface temperature in the area of the bearing.

9.4.6 Check the function of the add-on valve

Add-on valves must be operated at regular intervals. This is necessary to ensure their faultless function.

9.4.7 Check the equipotential bonding

Check the equipotential bonding for tight fit and proper functioning.

9.4.8 Check the condition of the operating fluid

Pay attention to colour (dark colouring), odour and milky turbidity.

Replace operating fluid if necessary.

9.4.9 Auditory check Unusual noises

In this case, attention must be paid to increased noise or uneven operation (pump unit).

- In case of unusual noises, examine the individual components of the product and line fixings and check the operating medium for foaming.
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.10 Cleaning

Remove dust deposits and dirt with a damp, clean cloth.

9 | Maintenance Kracht GmbH

9.4.11 Visual inspection for leakage

Care must be taken here to ensure that there is no leakage from the connections.

 In the event of leaks in the connections, the glands must be tightened and, if necessary, the seals replaced.

9.4.12 Visual check of the gearbox condition

The driving shaft pinion and driven shaft pinion are wearing parts. In case of excessive wear, the parts or the pump must be replaced.

Important places to check are the surfaces opposite the shaft seal and bearing bushes, end faces of the driving shaft pinion and driven shaft pinion as well as the tooth flanks.

9.4.13 Visual check of the condition of housing parts

Important places to check are the end faces of the impeller chamber.

9.4.14 Visual check of the condition of the plain bearings

The plain bearings are wearing parts. In case of excessive wear, the parts or the pump must be replaced.

In case of multilayer plain bearings, the wear limit is reached if the bronze layer of the bearing is 50-70 % exposed.

When loaded on the suction side, the driving shaft pinion and driven shaft pinion are supported in the bearings so that wear is identified there first.

9.4.15 Visual check of the condition shaft seal

Pay attention to leak quantities and impermissible temperature increases.

- Small leaked quantities are indispensable for the function of the seal.
- In case of excessive leaked quantities or impermissible temperature increase, the pump must be shut down immediately. Replace the seal.

9.4.16 Visual check of the condition of the outboard bearing

The outboard bearing is a wearing part.

The life of the bearing primarily depends on the operating conditions.

The bearing should therefore be checked for damage after 4000 h at the latest. In the event of unacceptable wear, the bearing must be replaced.

Onsetting wear or pending failure can become noticeable due to increased heating of the bearing, increased power consumption, irregular running or even noise emissions.

9.4.17 Replacing the outboard bearing

With the appropriate know-how and adequate equipment, the repair can also be carried out by the installer/operating company.

To this end, if necessary, request spare parts and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.

Only use spare parts approved by the manufacturer.

Kracht GmbH Maintenance | 9

9.4.18 Replacing the plain bearings

These are replaced only by the manufacturer.

Contact the manufacturer.

9.4.19 Replacing the shaft seal

With the appropriate know-how and adequate equipment, the repair can also be carried out by the installer/operating company.

To this end, if necessary, request spare parts and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.

Only use spare parts approved by the manufacturer.

9.4.20 Replacing other seals

With the appropriate know-how and adequate equipment, the repair can also be carried out by the installer/operating company.

To this end, if necessary, request spare parts and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.

Only use spare parts approved by the manufacturer.

10 | Repair Kracht GmbH

10 Repair

10.1 Safety instructions for repairs



A DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



A DANGER

Rotating parts

Risk to life due to entanglement or winding of parts of the body, hair or clothing items.

- a) Before carrying out any work, disconnect any drives and actuators from the power supply or depressurise them.
- b) Safely prevent restarting during the work.



⚠ WARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Before carrying out any work, depressurise the product and all connection pipes.
- b) Securely prevent the pressure from being restored during work.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

a) At temperatures ≥48 °C, allow the product to cool first.

Kracht GmbH Repair | 10

10.2 General

Corrective maintenance includes:

Troubleshooting
 Finding damage, determining and localising the cause of the damage.

Damage repair
 Removing the primary causes and replacing or repairing defective components. Repairs are generally carried out by the manufacturer.

Repair by the manufacturer

Before returning the product, fill out the return form. The form can be filled out online and is available to download as a pdf file or can be requested from the manufacturer.



NOTICE

Device contains hazardous substances

If the device has been operated with hazardous fluids it must be cleaned before it is returned. If this is not possible, the safety data sheet of the hazardous material must be provided in advance.

Repair by the installer/operating company

With the appropriate know-how and sufficient equipment, the repair can also be carried out by the installer/operating company. Please consult the manufacturer for this purpose.

- a) If necessary, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.
- b) Only use spare parts approved by the manufacturer.
- c) Dispose of packaging materials and used parts according to local regulations.



NOTICE

Warranty

Any warranty will be void if not executed properly.



NOTICE

Protective devices and notes

After maintenance and/or repair, reattach all protective devices and notices removed in the process to their original position.

10 | Repair Kracht GmbH

10.3 Fault table

Fault	Potential causes	Possible measures		
Increased noise				
	Excessive negative pressure	Check suction line design		
	(not complete filling of the pump)	Use noise-optimised pump		
	Suction line clogged	Clean the suction line		
Pump cavitation	Suction filter plugged or too small	Clean suction filter or use a larger filter		
	Silidii	Replace filter element		
	Suction bascet plugged or too small	Clean intake strainer or dimension larger		
	Fluid temperature too low	Fluid temperature too low		
		Check the oil level in the tank		
	Pump does not suck	Check suction line		
		Check the shaft seal		
	Shaft seal defective	Replace seals		
Foaming or air in media	Suction connection leaking	Tighten or replace the screw connections		
roanning or all in media		Replace seals		
	System not vented	Vent the system		
	Return line ends above the fluid level	Extend return line		
	Heavy foaming in the system, e.g. in gears	Use noise-optimised pump		
	Incorrectly aligned and/or loose coupling	Correct the alignment of the coupling and secure the coupling halves		
Mechanical vibrations	Incorrectly and/or insufficient line fastening	Fixate lines with suitable fasten-ing material (e.g. pipe clamps)		
	Wobbling pressure relief valve	Increase valve opening pressure		
	Not a noise-reducing setup	Use dampers		
Pump does not suck				
	Dry run	Fill pump and the suction line with medium		
	Minimum filling level in the reservoir tank undercut	Refill media		
	Wrong direction of rotation	Correct the direction of rotation		
	Throttled/closed shut-off element in the suction line	Open the shut-off element		
	Suction line clogged	Clean the suction line		

Kracht GmbH Repair | 10

Pump does not suck				
rump does not suck		Reduce the start-up pressure		
	The air in the suction line can-	Vent the pressure line		
	not be compressed in the pres-	Increase volume of the pres-		
	sure line	sure line		
		Check the pump design		
	Speed of the pump is too low	During frequency inverter oper-ation: Check the operation/line frequency		
	Geodetic suction head too	Check installation location		
	high	Provide pre-filling pump		
Insufficient pressure Insufficient pumping flow rat	e			
	Excessive negative pressure (not complete filling of the pump)	Check suction line design		
	Too high media viscosity	Provide pre-filling pump		
	Speed of the pump is too low	Check the pump design		
		During frequency inverter oper-ation: Check the operation/line frequency		
	Throttled/closed shut-off element in the suction line	Open the shut-off element		
	Suction line clogged	Clean the suction line		
	Suction filter plugged or too	Clean suction filter or use a larger filter		
	small	Replace filter element		
	Suction bascet plugged or too small	Clean intake strainer or dimension larger		
	Constant triggering of pressure relief valve (if existing)	Increase valve opening pressure		
		Check the oil level in the tank		
	Pump does not suck	Check suction line		
		Check the shaft seal		
	Wear			
Excessive operating temperat	ure	Replace the device		
	Cooling and heat dissipation insufficient	Increase the cooling capacity		
	Not sufficient oil in the system	Check the container layout		
	Excess fluid is being delivered into the supply tank via pressure relief valve under load	Check the pump design		

10 | Repair Kracht GmbH

Impermissible pump h	eating			
	Constant triggering of pressure relief valve (if existing)	Increase valve opening pressure		
	Pressure too high in association with a media viscosity that is too low	Check the system design		
	Speed too fast in connection with media viscosity that is too high	Check the system design		
	Gland lid overtightened (for gland seal)	Unscrew gland lid and readjust leakage		
	Suction pressure too high	Reduce the pressure		
	Wear	Replace the device		
Leckage				
	Lack of maintenance	Comply with maintenance inter-vals		
		Replace seals		
	Mechanical damage	Replace seals		
	Thermal overload	Check operating data		
	Thermal overload	Replace seals		
	Draceura to a high	Check operating data		
	Pressure too high	Replace seals		
	Cas content in modia too high	Check operating data		
	Gas content in media too high	Replace seals		
Seal failure	Corrosion/chemical degrada-	Check material compatibility		
	tion	Replace seals		
	Wrong direction of rotation	Correct the direction of rotation		
		Replace seals		
	Contaminated medium	Provide filtration		
	Contaminated medium	Replace seals		
	Gland lid not sufficiently tightened (for gland seal)	Retighten gland lid		
	Loose screw connection	Tighten or replace the screw connections		
Coupling				
Coupling wear	Alignment error	Correct the alignment of the coupling and secure the coupling halves		
	Spider overloaded	Check operating data		
	Spider overloaded	Use harder spider		
Cam break	Spider wear Torque transmis-	Adapt maintenance intervals		
Calli Dieak	sion due to metal contact	Replace coupling		

Kracht GmbH Repair | 10

	Alignment error	Correct the alignment of the coupling and secure the coupling halves		
Premature spider wear		Replace spider		
	Spider failure due to chemical	Check material compatibility		
	corrosion	Replace spider		
Motor protection switch tripped				
	Driving power too low	Check the drive design		
	Motor incorrectly connected	Check motor connection		
	Phase failure	Check feed/supply		
	Current consumption too high	Check operating data		
	Current consumption too high	Check direction of rotation		
	Motor circuit breaker incor- rectly designed	Check operating data		
Consult the manufacturer in the event of unidentifiable faults				